



# RASTRIYA BANIJYA BANK LIMITED

## INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# THIRD QUARTER OF FINANCIAL YEAR 2079/80



#### Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As on Quarter Ended 30 Chaitra 2079 (13 April 2023)

|  | Gro                 | up (13 A)                                   | Bank                |   |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------|---|---------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Particulars                                    | This Quarter Ending | Immediate Previous Year Ending<br>(Audited) | This Quarter Ending | Immediate Previous Year Ending<br>(Audited) |  |  |  |
| Assets   |                     |   |                     |   |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalent                       | 10,415,653,680      | 7,892,303,947                               | 10,409,310,709      | 7,880,097,707                               |  |  |  |
| Due from Nepal Rastra Bank                     | 15,718,960,148      | 16,423,317,544                              | 15,718,960,148      | 16,423,317,544                              |  |  |  |
| Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions | -                   | -   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Derivative financial instruments               | -                   | -   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Other trading assets                           | 39,715,254          | 38,657,684                                  | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Loan and advances to B/FIs                     | 15,630,709,211      | 16,533,783,954                              | 15,630,709,211      | 16,533,783,954                              |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers                | 225,706,710,477     | 210,183,764,026                             | 225,706,710,477     | 210,183,764,026                             |  |  |  |
| Investment securities                          | 64,096,698,265      | 65,571,036,406                              | 64,064,478,265      | 65,377,116,406                              |  |  |  |
| Current tax assets                             | 3,769,567,815       | 3,637,462,515                               | 3,766,499,342       | 3,636,497,060                               |  |  |  |
| Investment in subsidiaries                     | -                   | -   | 400,000,000         | 200,000,000                                 |  |  |  |
| Investment in associates                       | 243,942,610         | 243,942,610                                 | 206,111,100         | 206,111,100                                 |  |  |  |
| Investment property                            | 185,660,995         | 177,265,441                                 | 185,660,995         | 177,265,441                                 |  |  |  |
| Property Plant and equipment                   | 3,000,659,771       | 3,171,040,617                               | 2,992,317,270       | 3,167,479,565                               |  |  |  |
| Goodwill and Intangible assets                 | 58,679,851          | 53,770,535                                  | 57,646,893          | 52,408,411                                  |  |  |  |
| Deferred tax assets                            | 4,481,528           | 4,481,528                                   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Other assets                                   | 9,875,920,334       | 6,415,287,086                               | 9,700,954,907       | 6,404,963,110                               |  |  |  |
| Total Assets                                   | 348,747,359,938     | 330,346,113,895                             | 348,839,359,317     | 330,242,804,325                             |  |  |  |
| <u>Liabilities</u>                             |                     |   |                     |   |  |  |  |
| Due to Bank and Financial Institutions         | 1,460,025,412       | 4,748,840,822                               | 1,460,025,412       | 4,748,840,822                               |  |  |  |
| Due to Nepal Rastra Bank                       | -                   | 24,060,736,189                              | -                   | 24,060,736,189                              |  |  |  |
| Derivative financial instruments               | -                   | -   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Deposits from customers                        | 302,714,444,919     | 258,115,093,623                             | 302,932,506,050     | 258,144,297,064                             |  |  |  |
| Borrowing                                      | 60,000,000          | 60,000,000                                  | 60,000,000          | 60,000,000                                  |  |  |  |
| Current Tax Liabilities                        | -                   | -   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Provisions                                     | 375,139,951         | 375,716,839                                 | 375,139,951         | 375,716,839                                 |  |  |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities                       | 333,045,077         | 320,002,617                                 | 333,045,077         | 320,002,617                                 |  |  |  |
| Other liabilities                              | 5,940,694,951       | 7,318,635,102                               | 5,885,627,679       | 7,247,149,648                               |  |  |  |
| Debt securities issued                         | 2,552,397,265       | 2,607,123,287                               | 2,552,397,265       | 2,607,123,287                               |  |  |  |
| Subordinated Liabilities                       | -                   | -   | -                   | -   |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities                              | 313,435,747,575     | 297,606,148,479                             | 313,598,741,434     | 297,563,866,466                             |  |  |  |
| Equity   |                     | , , ,                                       | , , , ,             | , , ,                                       |  |  |  |
| Share capital                                  | 15,637,377,054      | 14,940,359,099                              | 15,637,377,054      | 14,940,359,099                              |  |  |  |
| Share premium                                  | -                   | -   | · · · · -           | -   |  |  |  |
| Retained earnings                              | 2,479,066,940       | 1,919,406,055                               | 2,413,135,982       | 1,863,442,017                               |  |  |  |
| Reserves                                       | 17,195,168,369      | 15,880,200,262                              | 17,190,104,847      | 15,875,136,743                              |  |  |  |
| Total equity attributable to equity holders    | 35,311,612,363      | 32,739,965,416                              | 35,240,617,883      | 32,678,937,859                              |  |  |  |
| Non-controlling interest                       | -                   | -   |                     |   |  |  |  |
| Total equity                                   | 35,311,612,363      | 32,739,965,416                              | 35,240,617,883      | 32,678,937,859                              |  |  |  |
| Total liabilities and equity                   | 348,747,359,938     | 330,346,113,895                             | 348,839,359,317     | 330,242,804,325                             |  |  |  |
| Contingent liabilities and commitment          | 65,633,366,236      | 64,670,749,399                              | 65,633,366,236      | 64,670,749,399                              |  |  |  |
| Net assets value per share                     | 234.20              | 227.68                                      | 233.72              | 227.25                                      |  |  |  |



#### Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss For the Quarter ended on 30 Chaitra 2079 (13 April 2023)

|   |               | Gro                       |               | · (==== <b>,</b> =====    |               | Ban                       | k             |                           |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Particulars   | Curre         | nt Year                   | Previous Year | Corresponding             | Curre         | nt Year                   | Previous Year | Corresponding             |
|   | This Quarter  | Upto this<br>Quarter(YTD) |
|   |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |
| Interest income   | 8,156,487,550 | 22,962,971,738            | 4,903,072,672 | 14,026,423,343            | 8,148,323,814 | 22,945,701,504            | 4,897,939,707 | 14,011,525,920            |
| Interest expense  | 4,646,706,100 | 13,437,561,225            | 3,097,972,264 | 7,688,333,157             | 4,656,028,234 | 13,446,883,359            | 3,097,972,264 | 7,688,333,157             |
| Net interest income                                     | 3,509,781,450 | 9,525,410,513             | 1,805,100,408 | 6,338,090,186             | 3,492,295,580 | 9,498,818,145             | 1,799,967,443 | 6,323,192,763             |
| Fees and commission income                              | 291,394,570   | 794,210,455               | 205,347,264   | 756,296,697               | 285,733,623   | 765,731,901               | 199,599,353   | 726,192,081               |
| Fees and commission expense                             | 93,784,506    | 264,938,389               | 93,469,577    | 259,241,864               | 93,707,006    | 264,938,389               | 91,692,360    | 253,367,114               |
| Net fee and commission income                           | 197,610,064   | 529,272,066               | 111,877,687   | 497,054,833               | 192,026,617   | 500,793,512               | 107,906,993   | 472,824,967               |
| Net interest, fee and commission income                 | 3,707,391,514 | 10,054,682,579            | 1,916,978,095 | 6,835,145,019             | 3,684,322,197 | 9,999,611,657             | 1,907,874,436 | 6,796,017,730             |
|   |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |
| Net trading income                                      | (165,880,909) | 32,840,674                | 3,228,634     | 38,478,069                | (166,515,549) | 32,206,034                | 3,228,634     | 38,478,069                |
| Other operating income                                  | 148,132,384   | 524,623,285               | 118,485,327   | 351,832,472               | 163,737,441   | 541,504,615               | 118,848,327   | 371,921,472               |
| Total operating income                                  | 3,689,642,989 | 10,612,146,538            | 2,038,692,056 | 7,225,455,560             | 3,681,544,089 | 10,573,322,306            | 2,029,951,397 | 7,206,417,271             |
| Impairment charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses | 1,020,488,610 | 1,318,952,154             | 15,284,994    | 383,206,471               | 1,020,488,610 | 1,318,952,154             | 15,284,994    | 383,206,471               |
| Net operating income                                    | 2,669,154,379 | 9,293,194,384             | 2,023,407,062 | 6,842,249,089             | 2,661,055,479 | 9,254,370,152             | 2,014,666,403 | 6,823,210,800             |
| Operating expense                                       |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |               |                           |
| Personnel expenses                                      | 1,053,265,959 | 2,977,266,549             | 788,533,211   | 2,408,932,056             | 1,046,260,025 | 2,966,354,903             | 785,589,062   | 2,398,967,959             |
| Other operating expense                                 | 236,881,965   | 776,705,153               | 283,613,770   | 876,198,294               | 237,884,584   | 768,646,889               | 282,414,395   | 871,410,868               |
| Depreciation & Amortization                             | 151,854,135   | 455,304,860               | 59,649,638    | 178,925,700               | 151,456,891   | 454,370,674               | 59,296,774    | 177,890,327               |
| Operating Profit  | 1,227,152,320 | 5,083,917,822             | 891,610,443   | 3,378,193,039             | 1,225,453,979 | 5,064,997,686             | 887,366,172   | 3,374,941,646             |
| Non operating income                                    | 9,853,770     | 44,680,246                | 108,653,667   | 363,229,216               | 9,853,770     | 44,680,246                | 108,653,667   | 363,229,216               |
| Non operating expense                                   | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         |
| Share of profit of associates                           | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         |
| Profit before income tax                                | 1,237,006,090 | 5,128,598,068             | 1,000,264,110 | 3,741,422,255             | 1,235,307,749 | 5,109,677,932             | 996,019,839   | 3,738,170,862             |
| Income tax expense                                      | 375,702,515   | 1,542,843,170             | 301,448,640   | 1,129,881,819             | 370,384,803   | 1,532,903,380             | 298,805,952   | 1,121,451,259             |
| Current Tax   | 375,702,515   | 1,542,843,170             | 301,448,640   | 1,129,881,819             | 370,384,803   | 1,532,903,380             | 298,805,952   | 1,121,451,259             |
| Deferred Tax  | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         | -             | -                         |
| Profit for the period                                   | 861,303,575   | 3,585,754,898             | 698,815,470   | 2,611,540,436             | 864,922,946   | 3,576,774,552             | 697,213,887   | 2,616,719,603             |



### **Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income**

#### As at 30 Chaitra 2079 (13th April 2023)

|  | G                | roup                                    | Bank              |                 |  |  |
|--|------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Particulars  | As at            | Year ended                              | As at             | Year ended      |  |  |
| i ai ucuiai s  | 30 Chaitra 2079  | 32 Ashadh 2079                          | 30 Chaitra 2079   | 32 Ashadh 2079  |  |  |
| Profit for the year  | 3,585,754,898    | 4,285,766,568                           | 3,576,774,552     | 4,292,821,850   |  |  |
| Other comprehensive income, net of income tax  | 2,2 32,7 2 3,0 2 | ,,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | 2,2 , 3,1 , 1,2 2 | ,,_, _,,_,      |  |  |
| a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss                                   |                  |   |                   |                 |  |  |
| - Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value             | 43,474,866       | (1,300,233,950)                         | 43,474,866        | (1,300,233,950) |  |  |
| - Gains/(losses) on revaluation  | -                | -                                       | , ,               | -               |  |  |
| - Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans  | -                | (1,575,043,362)                         |                   | (1,575,043,362  |  |  |
| - Income tax relating to above items   | (13,042,460)     | 862,580,194                             | (13,042,460)      | 862,580,193     |  |  |
| Net Other Comprehensive Income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss             | 30,432,406       | (2,012,697,118)                         | 30,432,406        | (2,012,697,119  |  |  |
| b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss                                 |                  |   |                   |                 |  |  |
| - Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge  | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| - Exchange gains/(losses) (arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation) | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| - Income tax relating to above items   | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| - Reclassify to profit or loss   | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| Net Other Comprehensive Income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss           | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equity method         | -                | -                                       | -                 | -               |  |  |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax                               | 30,432,406       | (2,012,697,118)                         | 30,432,406        | (2,012,697,119  |  |  |
| Total comprehensive income for the period  | 3,616,187,305    | 2,273,069,450                           | 3,607,206,958     | 2,280,124,731   |  |  |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to:  |                  |   |                   |                 |  |  |
| Equity holders of the Bank   | 3,616,187,305    | 2,273,069,450                           | 3,607,206,958     | 2,280,124,731   |  |  |
|  | 3,010,167,303    | 2,213,009,430                           | 3,007,200,938     | 2,200,124,731   |  |  |
| Non-controlling interest  Total comprehensive income for the period                        | 3,616,187,305    | 2,273,069,450                           | 3,607,206,958     | 2,280,124,731   |  |  |



**Significant Ratios as per NRB Directive** 

|  |              | Gro                    | up           |                             | Bank         |                        |                             |                        |  |
|--|--------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Particulars  | Curre        | Current Year           |              | Previous Year Corresponding |              | nt Year                | Previous Year Corresponding |                        |  |
| Turusums   | This Quarter | Upto this quarter(YTD) | This Quarter | Upto this quarter(YTD)      | This Quarter | Upto this quarter(YTD) | This Quarter                | Upto this quarter(YTD) |  |
| Capital Fund to RWA  |              | 13.89%                 |              | 13.49%                      |              | 13.89%                 |                             | 13.49%                 |  |
| Non-performing loan(NPL) to total loan                     |              | 3.88%                  |              | 3.07%                       |              | 3.88%                  |                             | 3.07%                  |  |
| Total loan loss provision to Total NPL                     |              | 96.00%                 |              | 111.19%                     |              | 96.00%                 |                             | 111.19%                |  |
| Cost of Funds  |              | 6.42%                  |              | 5.11%                       |              | 6.42%                  |                             | 5.11%                  |  |
| Credit to Deposit Ratio (Calculated as per NRB Directives) |              | 79.15%                 |              | 88.17%                      |              | 79.15%                 |                             | 88.17%                 |  |
| Base Rate  |              | 8.47%                  |              | 7.31%                       |              | 8.47%                  |                             | 7.31%                  |  |
| Base Rate (Quarterly Average)                              |              | 8.60%                  |              | 6.97%                       |              | 8.60%                  |                             | 6.97%                  |  |
| Interest Rate Spread                                       |              | 4.06%                  |              | 3.62%                       |              | 4.06%                  | _                           | 3.62%                  |  |



#### **Statement of Changes in Equity**

#### As at 30 Chaitra 2079 (13th April 2023)

#### Group

#### Attributable to equity holders of the Bank

| Particulars   | Share Capital                     | Share<br>Premium | General Reserve       | Exchange<br>Equalisation | Regulatory<br>Reserve | Capital<br>Reserve | Fair Value<br>Reserve | Revaluation<br>Reserve | Retained<br>Earning       | Other Reserve   | Total                           | Non-<br>controlling<br>Interest | Total Equity                    |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2079<br>Adjustment/Restatement   | 14,940,359,099<br>(1,000,000,000) | -                | 10,602,050,559        | 102,331,730              | 10,900,423,259        | 481,195,653        | 2,617,369,608         | 77,183,784             | 1,919,406,055<br>986,574  | (8,900,354,330) | 32,739,965,416<br>(999,013,426) | -                               | 32,739,965,416<br>(999,013,426) |
| Adjusted Restated Balance at Sawan 1, 2079  | 13,940,359,099                    | -                | 10,602,050,559        | 102,331,730              | 10,900,423,259        | 481,195,653        | 2,617,369,608         | 77,183,784             | 1,920,392,629             | (8,900,354,330) | 31,740,951,990                  | -                               | 31,740,951,990                  |
| Comprehensive Income for the year<br>Profit for the year  | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | 3,585,754,898             | -               | 3,585,754,898                   | -<br>-                          | 3,585,754,898                   |
| Other Comprehensive income, net of tax - Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | 30,432,406            | -                      | -                         | -               | 30,432,406                      | -                               | 30,432,406                      |
| - Gains/(losses) on revaluation - Actuarial Gains/(losses) on defined benefit   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| plans - Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge - Exchange gains/(losses) arising from                                      | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| translating financial assets of foreign operation   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Total comprehensive income for the year<br>Transfer to reserve during the year  | -<br>-<br>-                       | -<br>-<br>-      | -<br>-<br>715,354,910 | -<br>-<br>8,387,436      | -<br>-<br>43,449,165  | -<br>-<br>-        | -<br>-<br>-           | -<br>-<br>-            | -<br>-<br>(1,284,535,699) | 517,344,188     | -<br>-<br>-                     | -<br>-<br>-                     | -                               |
| Transfer from the reserve during the year   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Transactions with owners, directly recognized in equity   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Calls in Advance  | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Right share issued  | 1,000,000,000                     | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | 1,000,000,000                   | -                               | 1,000,000,000                   |
| Share based payments  | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Dividends to equity holders:  | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                         | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Bonus Shares issued   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | (697,017,955)             | -               | (697,017,955)                   | -                               | (697,017,955                    |
| Cash Dividend Paid  | 697,017,955                       | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | (1,045,526,932)           | -               | (348,508,977)                   | -                               | (348,508,977                    |
| Total contributions by and distributions:   | -                                 | -                | -                     | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      |                           | -               | -                               | -                               | -                               |
| Balance as at Chaitra End, 2079   | 15,637,377,054                    | _                | 11,317,405,469        | 110,719,166              | 10,943,872,424        | 481,195,653        | 2,647,802,014         | 77,183,784             | 2,479,066,940             | (8,383,010,142) | 35,311,612,362                  | -                               | 35,311,612,363                  |



#### Statement of Changes in Equity

#### As at 30 Chaitra 2079 (13th April 2023)

#### Bank

#### Attributable to equity holders of the Bank

| Particulars  | Share Capital   | Share<br>Premium | General Reserve | Exchange<br>Equalisation | Regulatory<br>Reserve | Capital<br>Reserve | Fair Value<br>Reserve | Revaluation<br>Reserve | Retained Earning | Other Reserve   | Total          | Non-<br>controlling<br>Interest | Total Equity    |
|--|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| Balance as at Shrawan 1, 2079  | 14,940,359,099  | -                | 10,598,497,485  | 102,331,730              | 10,900,423,259        | 481,195,653        | 2,617,369,608         | 77,183,784             | 1,863,442,017    | (8,901,864,780) | 32,678,937,854 | -                               | 32,678,937,854  |
| Adjustment/Restatement   | (1,000,000,000) | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                |                 | (1,000,000,000 |                                 | (1,000,000,000) |
| Adjusted Restated Balance at Sawan<br>1, 2078  | 13,940,359,099  | -                | 10,598,497,485  | 102,331,730              | 10,900,423,259        | 481,195,653        | 2,617,369,608         | 77,183,784             | 1,863,442,017    | (8,901,864,780) | 31,678,937,854 | -                               | 31,678,937,854  |
| Comprehensive Income for the year  |                 |                  |                 |                          |                       |                    |                       |                        |                  |                 | -              | -                               | -               |
| Profit for the year  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | 3,576,774,552    | -               | 3,576,774,552  | -                               | 3,576,774,552   |
| Other Comprehensive income, net of tax   |                 |                  |                 |                          |                       |                    |                       |                        |                  |                 | -              | -                               | -               |
| - Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments measured at fair value                 | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | 30,432,406            | -                      |                  | -               | 30,432,406     | -                               | 30,432,406      |
| - Gains/(losses) on revaluation  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                |                 | -              | -                               | -               |
| - Actuarial Gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| - Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      |                  | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| - Exchange gains/(losses) arising from<br>translating financial assets of foreign<br>operation | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      |                  | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Total comprehensive income for the year  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      |                  |                 | -              | -                               | -               |
| Transfer to reserve during the year  | -               | -                | 715,354,910     | 8,387,436                | 43,449,165            | -                  |                       | -                      | (1,284,535,699)  | 517,344,188     | -              | -                               | -               |
| Transfer from the reserve during the vear  | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Transactions with owners, directly recognized in equity  |                 |                  |                 |                          |                       |                    |                       |                        |                  |                 | -              |                                 | -               |
| Calls in Advance   | 1,000,000,000   |                  |                 |                          |                       |                    |                       |                        |                  |                 | 1,000,000,000  |                                 | 1,000,000,000   |
| Right share issued   |                 | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Share based payments   | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | -                | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Dividends to equity holders:   | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      |                  | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Bonus Shares issued  | 697,017,955     | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | (697,017,955)    | -               | -              | -                               | -               |
| Cash Dividend Paid   | -               | -                | -               | -                        | -                     | -                  | -                     | -                      | (1,045,526,932)  | -               | (1,045,526,932 | -                               | (1,045,526,932) |
| Total contributions by and distributions:  |                 |                  |                 |                          |                       |                    |                       |                        |                  |                 | -              | -                               | -               |
| Balance as at Chaitra End, 2079  | 15,637,377,054  | _                | 11,313,852,395  | 110,719,166              | 10,943,872,424        | 481,195,653        | 2,647,802,014         | 77,183,784             | 2,413,135,982    | (8,384,520,592) | 35,240,617,880 |                                 | 35,240,617,880  |



# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows As at 30 Chaitra 2079 (13th April 2023)

|  |                  | Group              |                  | Bank               |
|--|------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Particulars  | As at            | Year ended         | As at            | Year ended         |
| I the world is   | 30 Chaitra 2079  | 32 Ashadh 2079     | 30 Chaitra 2079  | 32 Ashadh 2079     |
|  | 00 Ontara 2015   | 0211011110112075   | 5 5 5 mm tr 2019 | 021131111112073    |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                       |                  |                    |                  |                    |
| Interest received  | 18,006,868,222   | 18,231,007,337     | 17,989,597,988   | 18,231,007,337     |
| Fees and other income received   | 794,210,455      | 1,050,279,317      | 765,731,901      | 1,019,601,336      |
| Dividend received  | -                | -                  | -                | -                  |
| Receipts from other operating activities                                   | 483,301,833      | 1,058,930,707      | 499,537,308      | 1,060,694,469      |
| Interest paid  | (13,276,187,253) | (11,176,875,356)   | (13,285,509,387) | (11,177,108,616)   |
| Commission and fees paid   | (264,938,389)    | (349,244,611)      | (264,938,389)    | (349,342,968)      |
| Cash payment to employees  | (3,944,892,709)  | (4,256,046,447)    | (3,933,981,063)  | (4,241,876,476)    |
| Other expense paid   | (775,618,274)    | (1,190,729,033)    | (768,646,891)    | (1,175,874,498)    |
| Operating cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities    | 1,022,743,885    | 3,367,321,915      | 1,001,791,467    | 3,367,100,585      |
| (Increase)/Decrease in Operating Assets                                    | (16,896,594,438) | (32,625,159,391)   | (16,730,895,418) | (32,601,999,144)   |
| Due from Nepal Rastra Bank   | 704,357,396      | 3,705,182,062      | 704,357,396      | 3,705,182,062      |
| Placement with bank and financial institutions                             | -                | -                  | -                | -                  |
| Other trading assets   | (1,057,570)      | (17,702,839)       | -                | -                  |
| Loan and advances to bank and financial institutions                       | 1,110,895,591    | (1,112,284,801)    | 1,110,895,591    | (1,112,284,802)    |
| Loans and advances to customers  | (15,241,761,053) | (32,720,032,714)   | (15,241,761,053) | (32,720,032,713)   |
| Other assets   | (3,469,028,802)  | (2,480,321,098)    | (3,304,387,352)  | (2,474,863,691)    |
| Increase/(Decrease) in operating liabilities                               | 16,900,560,086   | - 16,314,593,946   | 17,111,199,131   | - 16,282,137,198   |
| Due to bank and financial institutions                                     | (3,288,815,410)  | 2,379,600,822      | (3,288,815,410)  | 2,379,600,822      |
| Due to Nepal Rastra Bank   | (24,060,736,189) | 20,266,659,099     | (24,060,736,189) | 20,266,659,099     |
| Deposit from customers   | 44,599,351,296   | (5,697,258,111)    | 44,788,208,986   | (5,692,468,783)    |
| Borrowings   | -                | -                  | -                | -                  |
| Other liabilities  | (349,239,611)    | (634,407,864)      | (327,458,256)    | (671,653,940)      |
| Net cash flow from operating activities before tax paid                    | 1,026,709,533    | (12,943,243,529)   | 1,382,095,180    | - (12,952,761,362) |
| Income taxes paid  | (1,674,948,470)  | (1,805,011,728)    | (1,662,905,662)  | (1,794,015,742)    |
| Net cash flow from operating activities                                    | (648,238,937)    | - (14,748,255,256) | (280,810,482)    | - (14,746,777,104) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                                       |                  |                    |                  |                    |
| Purchase of investment securities  | -                | -                  | (200,000,000)    | -                  |
| Receipts from sale of investment securities                                | 973,020,661      | 4,248,223,770      | 811,320,661      | 4,270,143,771      |
| Purchase of property and equipment   | (265,420,103)    | (1,863,953,718)    | (265,312,289)    | (1,863,379,369)    |
| Receipt from the sale of property and equipment                            | (10.421.802)     | 169,680,518        | - (10, 421, 902) | 169,680,518        |
| Purchase of intangible assets Receipt from the sale of intangible assets   | (19,421,802)     | (13,902,478)       | (19,421,802)     | (13,450,477)       |
| Purchase of investment properties  | -                | -                  | -                | -                  |
| Receipt from the sale of investment properties                             | _                | _                  | _                | _                  |
| Interest received  | 3,625,641,238    | 2,529,174,628      | 3,625,641,238    | 2,509,974,870      |
| Dividend received  | 119,113,818      | 202,304,895        | 119,113,818      | 221,304,895        |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                      | 4,432,933,812    | 5,271,527,616      | 4,071,341,626    | - 5,294,274,207    |
|  |                  |                    |                  |                    |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipt from issue of debt securities | _                |                    |                  |                    |
| Repayment of debt securities   | ]                | _                  | -                | -                  |
| Receipt from issue of subordinated liabilities                             |                  |                    | _                | _                  |
| Repayment of subordinated liabilities                                      |                  |                    |                  | _                  |
| Receipt from issue of shares   | _                | 2,000,000,000      | _                | 2,000,000,000      |
| Dividends paid   | (1,045,245,149)  | (276,504,980)      | (1,045,245,149)  | (275,504,980)      |
| Interest paid  | (216,099,995)    | (127,024,656)      |                  | (127,024,651)      |
| Other receipt/payment  | -                | -                  | -                | -                  |
| Net cash from financing activities   | (1,261,345,143)  | 1,596,470,364      | (1,261,345,143)  | 1,597,470,369      |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                       | 2,523,349,732    | (7,880,257,276)    | 2,529,186,000    | (7,855,032,528)    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at Shrawan 1, 2078                               | 7,892,303,948    | 15,772,561,224     | 7,880,124,708    | 15,735,157,236     |
| Cash and cash equivalent acquired from merger                              | - ,5,5,5,5,7,10  |                    | - ,000,121,700   |                    |
| Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash equivalents held     | _                | _                  | _                | _                  |
|  | 10 415 (52 (00   | 7 000 202 040      | 10 400 210 700   | 7 000 124 700      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at Poush end 2079                                | 10,415,653,680   | 7,892,303,948      | 10,409,310,709   | 7,880,124,708      |



## Statement of Distributable Profit or Loss For the Quarter ended on 30 Chaitra 2079 (13 April 2023)

| Particulars   | Amount (Rs.)  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Opening Retained Farnings                                   | 120,897,130   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net profit or (loss) upto third quarter of F/Y 2079/80      | 3,576,774,552 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Appropriations:  |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1 Profit required to be appropriated to statutory reserve |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| a. General reserve  | 715,354,910   |  |  |  |  |  |
| b. Capital redemption reserve                               |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| c. Foreign exchange fluctuation fund                        | 8,387,436     |  |  |  |  |  |
| d. Corporate social responsibility fund                     | 28,432,779    |  |  |  |  |  |
| e. Employees' training fund                                 | 20,161,409    |  |  |  |  |  |
| f. Other  |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debenture Redemption Reserve                                | 468,750,000   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2 Profit required to be transferred to Regulatory Reserve | 43,449,165    |  |  |  |  |  |
| a.Transferred to Regulatory Reserve                         |               |  |  |  |  |  |
| b.Transferred from Regulatory reserve                       | -             |  |  |  |  |  |
| Distributable Profit or (Loss)                              | 2,413,135,982 |  |  |  |  |  |



# Notes to Interim Financial Statements Third Quarter of FY 2079/80

#### 1. Basis of preparation

The interim financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS) adopted by Accounting Standard Board of Nepal read along with the approved carve-outs.

#### 2. Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in the format as prescribed by Directive No. 4 of NRB Directives, 2078. Historical cost convention was used for financial statement recognition and measurement except otherwise required by NFRS. Where, other method(s), other than historical costs, such as fair value has been applied, these have been disclosed in accordance with the applicable reporting framework.

The amounts of financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR) being the functional currency of the Bank. The figures were rounded to the nearest rupee except where indicated otherwise.

The financial statements comprise the Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Profit or Loss, Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Notes to the Accounts.

#### 3. Use of Estimates, assumptions and judgments

The Bank, under NFRS, is required to apply accounting policies to most appropriately suit its circumstances and operating environment. Further, the Bank is required to make judgments in respect of items where the choice of specific policy, accounting estimate or assumption to be followed could materially affect the financial statements. This may later be determined that a different choice could have been more appropriate. It is also required to make estimates and assumptions that will affect the assets, liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and profit or loss as reported in the financial statements. The Bank applies estimates in preparing and presenting the financial statements and such estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed periodically. The revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised, and are applied prospectively.

The accounting policies as explained in Section 5 herein were consistently applied to all the years presented except otherwise stated. They were further included in the relevant notes for each item of the financial statements, and the effect and nature of the changes, if any, were disclosed. The accounting estimates were appropriately disclosed in the relevant sections of the Notes wherever the estimates have been applied along with the nature and effect of changes of accounting estimates, if any.

The accounting policies are to be applied consistently. Changes in accounting policies, if any, are to be disclosed with the financial impact to the extent possible. When policies are not guided by the reporting framework, NFRS, other reporting standards and generally accepted accounting principles are to be followed.



#### 4. Changes in Accounting policies

There are no any significant changes in accounting policies during the period.

#### 5. Significant Accounting Policies

#### 5.1 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are prepared on a historical cost basis except for the following items which were measured or recognized as stated:

- Financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value at its initial recognition and subsequently measured at fair value or amortised cost on the basis of classification of financial asset or liability.
- 2) Liabilities for defined benefit obligations are recognized at the present value of the defined benefit obligation after deducting the net of the plan assets, plus unrecognized actuarial gains, less unrecognized past service cost and unrecognized actuarial losses.

#### 5.2 Basis of Consolidation

#### a. Business Combination

Business combination are accounted using the acquisition method as prescribed under NFRS 3- "Business Combination".

There is no business combination up to Second Quarter of the fiscal year 2079-80.

#### **b. Non-Controlling Interest (NCI)**

For each business combination, the Bank elects to measure any non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value; or at their proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, which are generally at fair value.

Changes in the Bank's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary. No adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The Bank does not have any NCI as on reporting date.

#### c. Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the entities controlled by the Bank. The Bank controls an entity if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The Financial Statements of subsidiaries are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Bank reassesses whether it has control if there are changes to one or more of the elements of control. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements are combined line by line by adding the like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiary. The carrying amount of the parent's investment in subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of subsidiary are eliminated in full. All intra group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the group (such as



interest income and technical fee) are eliminated in full while preparing the consolidated financial statements.

#### d. Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control, the Bank derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, carrying amount of non-controlling interests and the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity related to the subsidiary. Further parent's share of components previously recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) is reclassified to profit or loss or retained earnings as appropriate. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognized in the profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for financial instruments depending on the level of influence retained

#### e. Transaction Elimination on Consolidation

All intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses (except for foreign currency transaction gains or losses) arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment

#### 5.3 Cash and Cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include notes and coins on hand and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the Bank in the management of its short-term commitments. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost in the statement of financial position.

#### 5.4 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

#### a. Recognition

The Bank initially recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Bank initially recognize loans and advances, deposits and debt securities/ subordinated liabilities issued on the date that they are originated which is the date that the Bank becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Investments in equity instruments, bonds, debenture, Government securities, NRB bond or deposit auction, reverse repos, outright purchase are recognized on trade date at which the Bank commits to purchase/ acquire the financial assets. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognized on trade date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### b. Classification

#### Financial Assets

The Bank classifies the financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of the Bank's business model for managing the financial assets and the



contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The two classes of financial assets are as follows:

- 1. Financial assets measured at amortized cost: a financial asset is measured at amortized cost if the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and if the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- 2. Financial assets measured at fair value: a financial asset other than those measured at amortized cost are measured at fair value. They are further classified into two categories as below:
  - a. Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost is directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.
  - b. Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if the Investment in an equity instrument that is not held for trading and at the initial recognition, the Bank makes an irrevocable election that the subsequent changes in fair value of the instrument is to be recognized in other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### Financial Liabilities

The Bank classifies its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as follows:

- Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss: Financial liabilities are
  classified at fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or are
  designated at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction
  cost is directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in Statement of Profit
  or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value is recognized at profit or loss
- Financial Liabilities measured at amortized cost: Financial liabilities other than
  those measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently
  measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

#### c. Measurement

#### **Initial Measurement**

A financial asset or financial liability is measured initially at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Transaction cost in relation to financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### Subsequent Measurement

A financial asset or financial liability is subsequently measured either at fair value or at amortized cost based on the classification of the financial asset or liability. Financial asset



or liability classified as measured at amortized cost is subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment or uncollectibility.

Financial assets classified at fair value are subsequently measured at fair value. The subsequent changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss whereas of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### d. De-recognition

#### De-recognition of Financial Assets

The Bank derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Bank neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On de-recognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset transferred) and the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) shall be recognized in profit and loss account.

In transactions in which the Bank neither retains nor transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset and it retains control over the asset, the Bank continues to recognize the asset to the extent of its continuing involvement, determined by the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

#### De-recognition of Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or canceled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss.

#### e. Determination of Fair Value

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction on the measurement date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk. The fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy:

**Level 1** fair value measurements are those derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.



Level 2 valuations are those with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 portfolios are those where at least one input, which could have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation, is not based on observable market data.

When available, the Bank measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. If a market for a financial instrument is not active, the Bank establishes fair value using a valuation technique. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties (if available), reference to the current fair value of other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analyses.

The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is the transaction price – i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. However, in some cases, the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition may be different to its transaction price. If such fair value is evidenced by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification) or based on a valuation technique whose variables include only data from observable markets, then the difference is recognized in profit or loss on initial recognition of the instrument. In other cases, the difference is not recognized in profit or loss immediately but is recognized over the life of the instrument on an appropriate basis or when the instrument is redeemed, transferred or sold, or the fair value becomes observable.

All unquoted equity instruments are recorded at average of price determined as per Capitalized Earning Method and Net Assets Value per share. Entities of which no data is whatsoever available, valuation has been done at cost net of impairment if any.

#### f. Impairment

At each reporting date the Bank assesses whether there is any indication that an asset may have been impaired. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is determined. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the asset (a loss event), and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The Bank considers the following factors in assessing objective evidence of impairment:

- Whether the counterparty is in default of principal or interest payments.
- When a counterparty files for bankruptcy and this would avoid or delay discharge of its obligation.
- Where the Bank initiates legal recourse of recovery in respect of a credit obligation of the counterpart.
- Where the Bank consents to a restructuring of the obligation, resulting in a diminished financial obligation, demonstrated by a material forgiveness of debt or postponement of scheduled payments.



• Where there is observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows of a group of financial assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with specific individual financial assets.

The Bank considers evidence of impairment for loans and advances and amortized cost investment securities at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant loans and advances and amortized cost investment securities are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified.

Loans and advances and amortized cost investment securities that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and advances and amortized cost investment securities with similar risk characteristics. Impairment test is done on annual basis for trade receivables and other financial assets based on the internal and external indication observed.

In assessing collective impairment, the Bank uses statistical modelling of historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends. Default rates, loss rates and the expected timing of future recoveries are regularly benchmarked against actual outcomes to ensure that they remain appropriate.

#### Impairment losses on assets measured at amortized cost

#### As per NFRS 9

Financial assets carried at amortized cost (such as amounts due from Banks, loans and advances to customers as well as held—to—maturity investments are impaired, and impairment losses are recognized, only if there is objective evidence as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the deemed recoverable value of loan.

Loans and advances to customers with significant value (Principal outstanding Rs 100 million or more) and borrowers classified as Non Performing as per Nepal Rastra Bank Directives are assessed for individual impairment test. The recoverable value of loan is estimated on the basis of realizable value of collateral and the conduct of the borrower/past experience of the bank. Assets that are individually assessed and for which no impairment exists are grouped with financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for impairment. The credit risk statistics for each group of the loan and advances are determined by management prudently based on the past experience. For the purpose of collective assessment of impairment, the assets are categorized in to the following nine broad products as follows:

- a. Term Loan
- b. Auto Loan
- c. Home Loan
- d. Personal Loan
- e. Overdraft
- f. Other Working Capital Loan
- g. Gold Loan
- h. Deprived & Priority Sector Loan



#### i. Other Loan

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the income statement. If a future write—off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the 'Income Statement'.

#### As per Loan Loss Provision of Nepal Rastra Bank

Loan loss provisions in respect of non-performing loans and advances are based on management's assessment of the degree of impairment of the loans and advances, subject to the minimum provisioning level prescribed in relevant NRB guidelines. Provision is made for possible losses on loans and advances including bills purchased at 1% to 100% on the basis of classification of loans and advances, overdraft and bills purchased in accordance with NRB directives.

#### **Policies Adopted**

As per the NFRS Carve out, the Bank measured impairment loss on loan and advances as the higher of amount derived as per norms prescribed by Nepal Rastra Bank for loan loss provision and amount determined as per NFRS 9.

#### 5.5 Trading Assets and Liabilities

Trading assets and liabilities are those assets and liabilities that the Bank acquires or incurs principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term, or holds as part of a portfolio that is managed together for short-term profit or position taking. They are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, with transaction costs recognized in profit or loss. All changes in fair value are recognized as part of net trading income in profit or loss as regarded as fair value through profit & loss account.

#### **5.6 Derivatives Assets and Derivative Liabilities**

Derivatives held for risk management purposes include all derivative assets and liabilities that are not classified as trading assets or liabilities. Derivatives held for risk management purposes are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. Hedge accounting is not adopted for certain derivatives held for risk management such as Forward Exchange Contracts.

#### **5.7 Property and Equipment**

#### a. Recognition and Measurement

The cost of an item of property and equipment shall be recognized as an asset, initially recognized at cost, if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity; and if the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the following:

• the cost of materials and direct labour;



- any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use;
- when the Bank has an obligation to remove the asset or restore the site, an estimate
  of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which
  they are located; and
- Capitalized borrowing costs.

The Bank adopts cost model for entire class of property and equipment. Neither, class of the property and equipment are measured at revaluation model nor is their fair value measured at the reporting date. Any revaluation reserve acquired from the merger accounted for using pooling of interest method are shown at the carrying amount. The items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits from the expenditure will flow to the Bank. Ongoing repairs and maintenance to keep the assets in working condition are expensed as incurred. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognized within other income in profit or loss.

#### b. Capital Work in Progress

Fixed assets under construction and cost of assets not ready for use are shown as capital work in progress.

#### c. Depreciation

Straight line method of depreciation on fixed assets is applied to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful life as per management judgment, as follows:

| Class of assets        | Revised useful life                         | Residual Value |
|------------------------|---|----------------|
| Computer               | Up to 5 Years                               | 1%             |
| Furniture and Fixtures | Up to 5 Years                               | 2%             |
| Office Equipment       | Up to 5 years                               | 1%             |
| Vehicle                | Up to 7 Years                               | 5%             |
| Building               | Up to 50 Years                              | 10%            |
| Leasehold              | Lower of 15 Years or Lease<br>Period        | 0              |
| Software               | 5 years or expiry period whichever is lower | 0              |

Assets costing less than Rs 2,000 are fully charged to profit loss account in the year of purchase.



#### d. De-recognition

The carrying amount of Property and Equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. The gain or loss arising from the de-recognition of an item of property and equipment is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognized (unless on a sale & lease back). The gain shall be classified as revenue.

#### **5.8 Intangible Assets**

#### **Acquired Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are initially measured at fair value, which reflects market expectations of the probability that the future economic benefits embodied in the asset will flow to the Bank, and are amortized on the basis of their expected useful lives.

#### Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with the development of software are capitalized where it is probable that it will generate future economic benefits in excess of its cost. Computer software costs are amortized on the basis of expected useful life. Costs associated with maintaining software are recognized as an expense as incurred.

At each reporting date, these assets are assessed for indicators of impairment. In the event that an asset's carrying amount is determined to be greater than its recoverable amount, the asset is written down immediately. Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

#### 5.9 Investment Property/Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

#### **Investment Property**

Investment properties includes land or land and buildings other than those classified as property and equipment and non-current assets held for sale. Generally, it includes land, land and building acquired by the Bank as non-banking assets but not sold as on the reporting date.

The Bank holds investment property that has been acquired through enforcement of security over the loans and advances.

#### Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

Non-current assets (such as property) and disposal groups (including both the assets and liabilities of the disposal groups) are classified as held for sale and measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell when: (i) their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through sale; (ii) they are FVTOCI in their present condition; and (iii) their sale is highly probable.

Immediately before the initial classification as held for sale, the carrying amounts of the assets (or assets and liabilities in a disposal group) are measured in accordance with the applicable accounting policies described above.



#### 5.10 Income Tax

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### Current Tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Current tax payable also includes any tax liability arising from the declaration of dividends.

#### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rate applicable to the Bank as at the reporting date which is expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognized where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

#### 5.11 Deposits, debts securities issued and subordinated liabilities

#### a. Deposits

The Bank accepts deposits from its customers under savings account, current account, term deposits and margin accounts which allows money to be deposited and withdrawn by the account holder. These transactions are recorded on the bank's books, and the resulting balance is recorded as a liability for the Bank and represents the amount owed by the Bank to the customer.

#### b. Debt Securities Issued

Deposits, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities are initially measured at fair value minus incremental direct transaction costs, and subsequently measured at their amortized cost using the effective interest method, except where the Group designates liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

#### c. Subordinated Liabilities

Subordinated liabilities are those liabilities which at the event of winding up are subordinate to the claims of depositors, debt securities issued and other creditors. The bank does not have any of such subordinated liabilities.

#### **5.12 Provisions**

The Bank recognizes a provision if, as a result of past event, the Bank has a present constructive or legal obligation that can be reliability measured and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation.

A disclosure for contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources. When there is a



possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

A provision for onerous contract is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Bank from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligation under the contract.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

#### **5.13 Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is the gross inflow of economic benefits during the period arising from the course of the ordinary activities of an entity when those inflows result in increases in equity, other than increases relating to contributions from equity participants. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Bank and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is not recognized during the period in which its recoverability of income is not probable. The Bank's revenue comprises of interest income, fees and commission, foreign exchange income, cards income, remittance income, bancassurance commission, etc. and the bases of incomes recognition are as follows:

#### a. Interest Income

Interest income on FVTOCI assets and financial assets held at amortized cost shall be recognized using the bank's normal interest rate which is very close to effective interest rate using effective interest rate method.

For income from loans and advances to customers, initial charges are not amortized over the life of the loan and advances as the income so recognized closely approximates the income that would have been derived under effective interest rate method. The difference is not considered material. The Bank considers that the cost of exact calculation of effective interest rate method exceeds the benefit that would be derived from such compliance.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Bank estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

The Bank recognizes the interest income on loans and advances as per Guideline on Recognition of Interest Income, 2019 issued by Nepal Rastra Bank. The guideline requires bank to cease to accrue interest in case of loan where contractual payments of principal and/or interest are more than 12 months in arrears, irrespective of the net realizable value of collateral. Further, it also requires the bank to cease accrual of interest income in case of



loans where contractual payments of principal and/or interest are more than 3 months in arrears and where the "net realizable value" of security is insufficient to cover payment of principal and accrued interest.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are included in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Contractual interest income and expense on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss is recognized within net interest income.

#### b. Fees & Commission

Fees and commissions are recognized on an accrual basis when the service has been provided or significant act performed whenever the benefit exceeds cost in determining such value. Whenever, the cost of recognizing fees and commissions on an accrual basis exceeds the benefit in determining such value, the fees and commissions are charged off during the year.

#### c. Dividend Income

Dividend income are recognized when right to receive such dividend is established. Usually this is the ex-dividend date for equity securities. Dividends are presented in net trading income, net income from other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss or other revenue based on the underlying classification of the equity investment.

#### d. Net Trading Income

Net trading income comprises gains less losses related to trading assets and liabilities, and includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes, interest, dividends and foreign exchange differences.

Net Income from other financial instrument at fair value through Profit or Loss

Net income from other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss relates to non-trading derivatives held for risk management purposes that do not form part of qualifying hedge relationships and financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss. It includes all realised and unrealised fair value changes, interest, dividends and foreign exchange differences.

#### **5.14 Interest expense**

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest rate method. Interest expense on all trading liabilities are considered to be incidental to the Bank's trading operations and are presented together with all other changes in fair value of trading assets and liabilities in net trading income.

#### **5.15** Employees Benefits

#### a. Short Term Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is also recognized for the amount expected to be paid under bonus required by the Bonus Act, 2030 to pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably under short term employee benefits. The Bank provides bonus at 5% of Net Profit before tax. The Bank is a wholly owned enterprise of Government of Nepal. The percentage of



bonus which is to be distributed by the Government owned enterprises has been determined by the Government of Nepal at 5%.

Short-term employee benefits include all the following items (if payable within 12 months after the end of the reporting period):

- wages, salaries and social security contributions,
- > paid annual leave and paid sick leave,
- > profit-sharing and bonuses and
- > non-monetary benefits

#### **b.** Post-Employment Benefits

Post-employment benefit plan includes the followings;

#### i) Defined Contribution Plan

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Bank pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as personnel expenses in profit or loss in the periods during which related services are rendered.

Contributions to a defined contribution plan that are due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees render the service are discounted to their present value.

All permanent employees of the Bank are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both the employee and the Bank contribute monthly at a pre-determined rate of 10% of the basic salary. The Bank does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

All permanent employees of the Bank are entitled to receive benefits under welfare provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both the Bank contribute two months' basic salary and such amount is transferred to separate retirement fund. The Bank does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

All permanent employees of the Bank are entitled to receive benefits under medical fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both the Bank contribute certain percentage of annual basic salary based on level of employees and such amount is transferred to separate retirement fund. The Bank does not assume any future liability for provident fund benefits other than its annual contribution.

#### ii) Defined Benefit plan

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Bank's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognised past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted.

The Bank recognises all actuarial gains and losses net of deferred tax arising from defined benefit plans immediately in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefit plans in employee benefit expense in profit or loss.



The Bank recognises gains and losses on the curtailment or settlement of a defined benefit plan when the curtailment or settlement occurs. The gain or loss on curtailment or settlement comprises any resulting change in the fair value of plan assets, any change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation, any related actuarial gains and losses and any past service cost that had not previously been recognised.

The bank has pension plan to the permanent employees hired before 2050 B.S and gratuity plan to employees enrolled after 2050 B.S. Employees are also entitled to receive retirement benefit on endowment life insurance scheme and leave as per human resource by-laws of the Bank.

#### iii) Termination Benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense when the Bank is demonstrably committed, without realistic possibility of withdrawal, to a formal detailed plan to either terminate employment before the normal retirement date, or to provide termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Termination benefits for voluntary redundancies are recognised as an expense if the Bank has made an offer of voluntary redundancy, it is probable that the offer will be accepted, and the number of acceptances can be estimated reliably. If benefits are payable more than 12 months after the reporting date, then they are discounted to their present value.

#### 5.16 Leases

NFRS 16 replaces NAS 17 and sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of leases. All leases result in the lessee recognizing the right to use an asset at the commencement date of the lease, and if lease payments are made over time, also recognizing financing. Accordingly, NFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases as required by NAS 17 and, instead, introduces a single lessee accounting model for lessee.

In accordance with the transitional provisions of NFRS 16, the bank has adopted the new standard applying a modified retrospective approach:

Lease Liability at the present value of remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application and Right of use asset equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognized in the statement of financial position immediately before the date of application.

#### **5.17 Foreign Currency Translation**

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees (NPR).

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the functional currency rate of exchange at the statement of financial position date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions, and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.



Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical exchange rates if held at historical cost, or year-end exchange rates if held at fair value, and the resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in either the statement of profit or loss or shareholders' equity depending on the treatment of the gain or loss on the asset or liability.

#### 5.18 Financial guarantee and loan commitment

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the Bank to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of agreement.

Loan commitments are firm commitments to provide credit under pre-specified terms and conditions. Loan commitment is the commitment where the Bank has confirmed its intention to provide funds to a customer or on behalf of a customer in the form of loans, overdrafts, future guarantees, whether cancellable or not, or letters of credit and the Bank has not made payments at the reporting date, those instruments are included in these financial statement as commitments.

#### 5.19 Share Capital and Reserves

The Bank classifies capital instruments as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. Equity is defined as residual interest in total assets of the Bank after deducting all its liabilities. Common shares are classified as equity of the Bank and distributions thereon are presented in statement of changes in equity.

Dividends on ordinary shares and preference shares classified as equity are recognized in equity in the period in which they are declared.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of an equity instrument are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments considering the tax benefits achieved thereon.

The reserves include retained earnings and other statutory reserves such as general reserve, bond redemption reserve, foreign exchange equalization reserve, regulatory reserve etc.

Regulatory reserve includes any amount derived as result of NFRS convergence with effect in retained earning computed as per NRB Directive No. 4.

#### 5.20 Earnings per share including diluted

The Bank presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. The basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.



#### 6. Segment Reporting

The Bank's segmental reporting is in accordance with NFRS 8 *Operating Segments*. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the bank's management committee, which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. Bank has no practice of accounting intra segment revenue or expenses. Income and expenses directly associated with each segment are included in determining business segment performance

#### **Information about Reportable Segments:**

|                                 | Head Office       |                                     | Provir            | Province 1                                |                   | Madhesh Province                          |                    | Bagmati Province                          |                   | Gandaki Province                          |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|--------------------|---|-------------------|---|--|
| Particulars                     | Current Quarter   | Corresponding Previous year Quarter | Current Quarter   | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter   | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter    | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter   | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter |  |
| Revenue from external customers | 5,276,427,334.05  | 280,908,606.08                      | 2,511,085,633.72  | 1,973,130,387.16                          | 1,789,442,727.81  | 1,422,634,334.78                          | 9,480,581,660.57   | 7,757,063,756.43                          | 1,873,918,455.32  | 1,307,340,463.73                          |  |
| Intersegment revenues           | -                 |                                     | -                 |   | 1                 |   | -                  |   | -                 |   |  |
| Net Revenue                     | 5,276,427,334.05  | 280,908,606.08                      | 2,511,085,633.72  | 1,973,130,387.16                          | 1,789,442,727.81  | 1,422,634,334.78                          | 9,480,581,660.57   | 7,757,063,756.43                          | 1,873,918,455.32  | 1,307,340,463.73                          |  |
| Segment profit/(loss)           | -                 |                                     | -                 |   | •                 |   | -                  |   | -                 |   |  |
| Segment assets                  | 81,601,149,817.96 | 62,368,991,424.55                   | 32,985,573,735.88 | 30,175,070,587.35                         | 24,772,248,151.42 | 20,990,987,710.11                         | 138,248,218,812.48 | 123,898,716,487.96                        | 22,761,274,869.46 | 19,525,981,327.13                         |  |
| Segment liabilities             | 18,979,242,504.48 | 31,026,465,682.97                   | 41,750,539,062.23 | 33,933,708,105.28                         | 32,633,215,032.47 | 29,696,064,049.68                         | 144,128,054,319.69 | 110,304,256,417.39                        | 18,329,124,078.59 | 13,863,221,891.24                         |  |

|                                 | Lumbini           | Province                                  | Karnali F        | Province                                  | Sudurpashi        | m Province                                | Tot                | al  |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------|---|-------------------|---|--------------------|---|
| Particulars                     | Current Quarter   | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter  | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter   | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter | Current Quarter    | Corresponding<br>Previous year<br>Quarter |
| Revenue from external customers | 1,936,362,531.34  | 1,518,899,557.22                          | 653,105,100.45   | 525,421,975.70                            | 808,900,856.64    | 725,947,676.90                            | 24,329,824,299.91  | 15,511,346,758.00                         |
| Intersegment revenues           | -                 |   | -                |   | -                 |   | •                  |   |
| Net Revenue                     | 1,936,362,531.34  | 1,518,899,557.22                          | 653,105,100.45   | 525,421,975.70                            | 808,900,856.64    | 725,947,676.90                            | 24,329,824,299.91  | 15,511,346,758.00                         |
| Segment profit/(loss)           | -                 |   | -                |   | -                 |   | -                  | _   |
| Segment assets                  | 27,924,805,841.91 | 25,241,619,233.98                         | 8,962,399,179.35 | 7,673,623,448.75                          | 11,583,688,908.34 | 9,851,834,294.18                          | 348,839,359,316.81 | 299,726,824,514.00                        |
| Segment liabilities             | 32,153,835,219.43 | 26,584,958,314.92                         | 8,378,082,452.06 | 6,996,882,325.52                          | 17,246,648,764.86 | 15,451,463,202.00                         | 313,598,741,433.81 | 267,857,019,989.00                        |



#### 7. Related party disclosures

The Bank identifies the following as the related parties under the requirements of NAS 24.

| Name  | Relationship | Remarks         |
|---|--------------|-----------------|
| RBB Merchant Banking Company Limited          | Subsidiary   |                 |
| RBB Securities Company Limited                | Subsidiary   |                 |
| Everest Foods Limited (w.e.f 1 May 2018)      | Subsidiary   | Defunct company |
| Himal Cement Company (w.e.f 1 May 2018)       | Associate    | Defunct company |
| Rastra Utthan Laghubitta Bittiya Sanstha Ltd. | Associate    |                 |
| Butwal Suti Dhago Udhyog                      | Associate    |                 |
| Nepal Digital Payment Co. Ltd.                | Associate    |                 |

#### a. Board Member Allowances and Facilities

The Chairperson and other members of the Board are paid NPR 4,000 per meeting respectively for Board and Board Level Committees meeting.

In addition to the above meeting allowances, the Board Members have been provided with a monthly allowance of NPR 2,000 for newspapers, NPR 2,500 for telephone and for those directors who are not using transportation facility from the Bank are provided with amount equivalent to 20 liter of fuel

#### b. Amount paid to Chief Executive Officer

The Board of Directors has renewed appointment of Mr. Kiran Kumar Shrestha as Chief Executive Officer of the Bank with effect from 2076/12/29 for the period of 4 years. CEO has been paid salary and allowance of NPR 5,167,921 till third quarter of financial year 2079-80. CEO has been reimbursed with the communication expenses and has been provided vehicle facility for official purpose.

| Name                    | Basic<br>Salary | Provident<br>Fund | Allowance | Bonus     | Other | Total payment till Q3 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|-----------------------|
| Kiran Kumar<br>Shrestha | 2,340,000       | 234,000           | 1,430,000 | 1,163,921 | 1     | 5,167,921             |

#### c. Compensation Details for Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel includes members of Management Committee of the Bank and includes the following members;

| Name                  | Designation                    |  |  |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Kiran Kumar Shrestha  | Chief Executive Officer        |  |  |
| Devendra Raman Khanal | Deputy Chief Executive Officer |  |  |
| Sarswati Adhikari     | Deputy Chief Executive Officer |  |  |



| Debesh Prasad Lohani | Deputy Executive Officer |  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Bimal Dangol         | Deputy Executive Officer |  |
| Pawan Regmi          | Deputy Executive Officer |  |
| Vinay Raman Paudel   | Deputy Executive Officer |  |
| Durga Kumari Kandel  | Deputy Executive Officer |  |
| Hemraj Kharel        | Member Secretary         |  |

#### d. Transaction with Subsidiaries and Associates:

All transactions between the Bank and Subsidiary are executed on arm's length principle. Effects of all inter-company transactions and outstanding balances are excluded in group statements.

8. Dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separately for ordinary shares and other shares.

N/A

#### 9. Issues, repurchases and repayments of debt and equity securities

There is no issue, repurchases and repayments of debt and securities during the reporting period.

#### 10. Events after reporting period.

Events after the reporting date are those events, favorable and unfavorable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorized for issue. There are no material events after reporting period affecting financial status of the bank as on 2079 Chaitra End.

# 11. Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period including merger and acquisition.

There are no merger and acquisition affecting changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period as on 2079 Chaitra End.